

# Technical Evaluation of Sensor Technology (TEST) Program

AirBeam Sensor 2022 –1<sup>st</sup> Quarter



# Introduction and Sensor Profile

This analysis report is focused on assessing the performance of the AirBeam sensor as part of the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District's (District's) Technical Evaluation of Sensor Technology (TEST) Program. The AirBeam sensor measures particulate matter (PM1, PM2.5, and PM10) using a light scattering method. As air is drawn through a sensing chamber, light from a laser scatters off of particles in the air stream. The AirBeam sensor also measures temperature and relative humidity.

# **Background and Approach of Evaluation Test**

As part of the District's effort to evaluate the performance of a variety of low-cost sensors in the Valley, the District installed three AirBeam sensors at the Clovis-Villa air monitoring site in order to compare its performance with that of the regulatory PM2.5 monitor there. The AirBeam1 sensor first began reporting data on May 3, 2019. The datasets analyzed for this report include hourly and 24-hour average PM2.5 data collected from the AirBeam1 sensor and the regulatory Federal Equivalent Method (FEM) MetOne BAM-1020 continuous PM2.5 monitor at the Clovis-Villa site. The scatter plots and time series graphs below show how the datasets compare for both hourly values and the 24-hour average.

# **Overview of Analysis Findings from Current Period**

The analysis for this report covers the time period of January 1, 2022 through March 31, 2022,  $(2022 - 1^{st} \text{ quarter})$ . During this period, hourly data was removed from the calculation of bias when either the AirBeam sensor or regulatory monitor did not have a valid hourly sample. For the 24-hour averages, only days with 18 or more valid hourly samples (75% or greater completeness) are included.

Seasonally, PM2.5 is typically highest during the winter months and lowest during the summer months. Weather systems influence PM2.5 levels by either trapping pollutants near the surface or dispersing them. Generally, California's experiences weather patterns that alternate between high pressure systems and low pressure systems that move through the region every two to four days. January 2022 was characterized primarily by a stable atmosphere and poor dispersion conditions as high pressure patterns dominated the region through most of the month. As such, the lack of dispersion contributed to elevated PM2.5 concentrations through the period. With few exceptions, stable conditions remained prevalent across most of the Valley into mid-February. The long period of high pressure conditions ended on February 15<sup>th</sup> as alternating weather patterns resumed over the region in a more characteristic pattern for the transition into springtime. Improved dispersion conditions continued through March and helped PM2.5 concentrations decrease across the Valley through the end of the quarter.

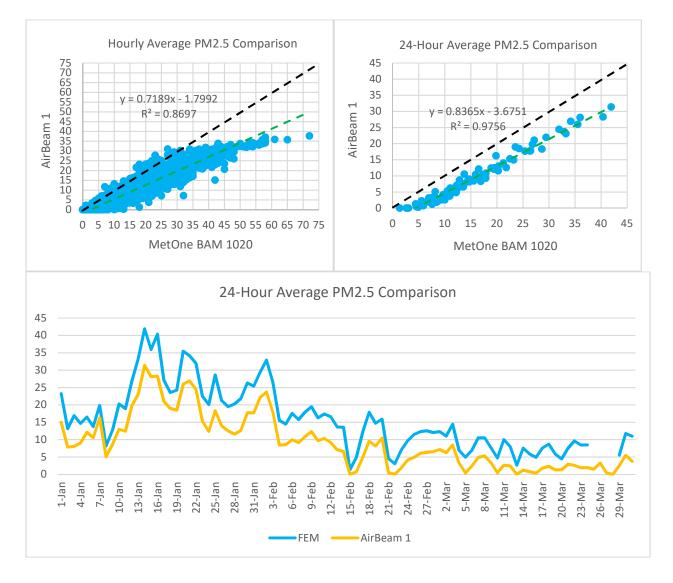
During the 2022 1<sup>st</sup> quarter, the Air Beam 1 sensor and the MetOne BAM1020 monitor responded similarly to the fluctuations in concentrations. Although the instruments essentially

mirrored each other regarding the fluctuating patterns, the line chart below shows that the AirBeam1 sensor measured low compared to the MetOne BAM 1020 monitor.

## Analysis of AirBeam Sensor Performance

#### AirBeam1

For the 24-hour average, AirBeam data had a low bias of -6.3  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> during the January 1, 2022 through March 31, 2022, period. For the hourly average, AirBeam data had a low bias of -6.3  $\mu$ g/m<sup>3</sup> over the same period.



### Non-Reporting Sites

#### AirBeam0 and AirBeam2

Data from these sensors was not available for the January 1, 2022 through March 31, 2022, period. These sensors sustained a hardware failure and are no longer operating.

# Statistical Summary

The following table provides a statistical summary of the PM2.5 data collected during the analysis period of this report.

Clovis- Villa	Average 24-hr	Max 1-hr	Max 24-hr	1-hr R2	1-hr Slope	1-hr Intercept	24-hr R2	24-hr Slope	24-hr Intercept
AirBeam0									
AirBeam1	9.2	37.7	31.4	0.8697	0.7189	-1.7992	0.9756	0.8365	-3.6751
AirBeam2									
FEM	16.0	72.0	41.9						